# Noncommunicable diseases

Policy statement



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# Noncommunicable diseases

The United Nations has identified cardiovascular disease, chronic respiratory disease, diabetes, and some forms of cancer, and their concomitant risk factors (tobacco, harmful use of alcohol, unhealthy diet, insufficient physical activity, overweight/obesity, raised blood pressure; raised blood sugar; and raised cholesterol) as the noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) leading to the highest incidences of mortality around the world. <sup>1</sup> However, other NCDs including, but not limited to, musculoskeletal (eg osteoarthritis, osteoporosis), neuromuscular (eg Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis), and mental health (eg dementia, schizophrenia) contribute to the high incidence of disability around the world. The effectiveness of physical therapy in preventing and managing NCDs and risk factors is well evidenced. <sup>2, 3</sup>

The World Confederation for Physical Therapy (WCPT) believes that physical therapists are equipped through their education to meet the needs of people with or at risk of NCDs. Physical therapists provide evidence-based interventions that can reduce the incidence of NCDs and associated disability and mortality. They play a vital role in preventing and managing NCDs by:

- providing evidence based primary and secondary prevention programmes;
- · promoting health and quality of life; and
- improving and maintaining physical activity levels and functional independence.

### WCPT recognises that:

- the increasing incidence of NCDs imposes a burden on individuals, societies and health systems;
- measures to prevent NCDs are vital;
- NCDs and their risk factors have an impact across all populations in all geographic areas regardless of income level;
- prevention of NCDs and risk factors will decrease rates of mortality; and
- prevention of NCDs and risk factors will decrease the prevalence and severity of disability.

## WCPT encourages and supports its member organisations to:

- advocate for exercise and physical activity as the low cost and universally available means of reducing the risk factors for NCDs;
- advocate that physical therapists are well placed to advise on appropriate and effective physical activity
  programmes for individuals and targeted populations, such as the elderly, people with long-term
  conditions or those with disability (including intellectual disability);
- advocate that sufficient resources should be allocated to confronting those NCDs that can be prevented and treated by physical therapists;
- advocate for equality of opportunities and rights when it comes to the allocation of resources to physical therapy to prevent and treat NCDs;
- advocate for national policies, programmes, services and systems that enable physical therapy services to be delivered effectively to people with NCDs and/or their risk factors;
- advocate for physical therapist involvement in the development and delivery of evidence based, affordable, cost effective, population-wide physical activity programmes across health and related service systems (eg social, education, and community services);
- advocate for the involvement of physical therapists in research which contributes to understanding
  effective interventions, including prevention, for NCDs and their risk factors;

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- promote the involvement of physical therapists in the development and implementation of national NCD plans;
- advocate for public policies and practices that empower individuals, families, and communities to make healthy choices and lead healthy lives;
- support global initiatives on NCDs and emphasise the evidence for the efficacy of physical activity in the prevention of NCDs and their risk factors;
- support interprofessional collaborative practice and person-centred integrated service delivery that are necessary for successful prevention and management of NCDs and their risk factors;
- promote the use of the best evidence in preventing and managing NCDs and their risk factors by:
  - utilising existing databases and evidence-based literature on clinical and cost effective interventions;
  - publicising funding sources for research on the efficacy of physical therapy in the prevention and management of NCDs and their risk factors;
- educate health professional communities, service users, and the public about the crucial roles of physical therapists and the benefits of their interventions in combating the NCD epidemic through:
  - publishing information in professional publications;
  - raising awareness of the important role of physical therapists in the prevention of disability and mortality associated with NCDs and their risk factors;
  - promoting and using a health promotion approach to empower people and involve them in decisions about health behaviours to reduce their NCD risk;
  - exchanging information within the physical therapy community (eg through websites and forums) on the prevention and management of NCDs and their risk factors, including a focus on reducing inactivity and sedentary behaviours.

Glossary (www.world.physio/resources/glossary)

**Disability** 

**Equity** 

**Evidence-based practice (EBP)** 

**Health promotion** 

Interprofessional collaborative practice

Noncommunicable disease (NCD)

Physical activity

**Prevention** 

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Approval, review and related policy information			
Date adopted:	Approved at the 18th General Meeting of WCPT May 2015.		
	Reviewed and re-approved at the 19th General Meeting of WCPT May 2019.		
Date for review:	2023		
Related WCPT Policies:	WCPT ethical responsibilities WCPT policy statements:		
	Ethical responsibilities of physical therapists and WCPT members		
	Standards of physical therapy practice		
	Patients'/clients' rights in physical therapy		
	Quality services		
	Physical therapists as exercise experts across the lifespan		
	WCPT guidelines		
	Guideline for standards of physical therapy practice		
	WCPT endorsements		
	The United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities		
	<ul> <li>The United Nations Standard Rules on the Equalisation of Opportunities for Persons with Disabilities</li> </ul>		

### References

- United Nations. Political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases. 2018. <a href="https://ncdalliance.org/resources/political-declaration-of-the-third-high-level-meeting-of-the-general-assembly-on-the-prevention-and-control-of-non-communicable-diseases">https://ncdalliance.org/resources/political-declaration-of-the-third-high-level-meeting-of-the-general-assembly-on-the-prevention-and-control-of-non-communicable-diseases</a> (Access date 29 August 2019)
- 2. World Confederation for Physical Therapy. World Physical Therapy Day. London, UK: WCPT; 2009. <a href="https://www.wcpt.org/sites/wcpt.org/files/files/wptday13/WPTD">www.wcpt.org/sites/wcpt.org/files/files/wptday13/WPTD</a> Clinical resources.pdf (Access date 29 August 2019)
- 3. United Nations. Sustainable Development Goals New York, USA2018 [Available from: <a href="https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/sustainable-development-goals/">www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/sustainable-development-goals/</a>.

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