

Breathing exercises can help your lungs recover after COVID-19. As well as helping you deal with feelings of anxiety and stress, breathing exercises can help restore diaphragm function and increase lung capacity. Breathing should be effortless and quiet - if you can hear your breathing you may be working too hard.

A physiotherapist can guide you through the following exercises.



This information has been adapted from the following sources: www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/conditions-and-diseases/coronavirus/coronavirus-recovery-breathing-exercises; www.physiotherapyforbpd.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/YOUR-Guide-to-Good-Breathing.pdf

Do not begin exercises, and contact your doctor, if you have: a fever; shortness of breath or difficulty breathing while resting; chest pain or palpitations; new swelling in your legs.

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STOP exercise immediately if you develop any of the following symptoms: dizziness; shortness of breath more than normal; chest pain; cool, clammy skin; excessive fatigue; irregular heartbeat; any symptoms you consider an emergency.