The data in this page includes data from all of World Physiotherapy’s 125 member organisations. Some data has also been collated from other sources available to World Physiotherapy.
36% of physiotherapists in the Japanese Physical Therapy Association are female.

36% of physiotherapists in Japan are female.

50% of physiotherapists in member organisations in the Asia Western Pacific region are female.

52% of physiotherapists in the Asia Western Pacific region are female.

59% of physiotherapists that are a member of a World Physiotherapy member organisation are female.

62% of the number of physiotherapists globally are female.
13 practising physiotherapists per 10,000 population in your country/territory in 2021

1.59 is the average number of practising physiotherapists per 10,000 population in the World Physiotherapy Asia Western Pacific region in 2021
NUMBER OF ENTRY LEVEL EDUCATION PROGRAMMES PER 5,000,000 POPULATION

**Japan**

**Asia Western Pacific region**

**11.03**

entry level education programmes in your country/territory per 5 million population in 2021

**1.99**

is the average number of entry level education programmes per 5 million population in the World Physiotherapy Asia Western Pacific region in 2021
JAPAN | PHYSIOTHERAPY PRACTICE

### Special interest groups are recognised
- **Yes:** 71%
  - Japan: 74%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 74%
  - Global: 74%
- **No:** 18%
  - Japan: 15%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 15%
  - Global: 15%

### CPD is provided for members
- **Yes:** 86%
  - Japan: 81%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 81%
  - Global: 81%
- **No:** 14%
  - Japan: 19%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 19%
  - Global: 19%

### There are support personnel who work with physiotherapists
- **Yes:** 68%
  - Japan: 56%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 56%
  - Global: 56%
- **No:** 32%
  - Japan: 44%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 44%
  - Global: 44%

### Membership is required to practice
- **Yes:** 83%
  - Japan: 82%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 82%
  - Global: 82%
- **No:** 17%
  - Japan: 18%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 18%
  - Global: 18%

### Have postgraduate programmes
- **Yes:** 82%
  - Japan: 75%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 75%
  - Global: 75%
- **No:** 18%
  - Japan: 25%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 25%
  - Global: 25%

### Have access to PhD programmes
- **Yes:** 46%
  - Japan: 47%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 47%
  - Global: 47%
- **No:** 54%
  - Japan: 53%
  - Asia Western Pacific: 53%
  - Global: 53%
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Africa region</th>
<th>Asia Western Pacific region</th>
<th>Europe region</th>
<th>North America Caribbean region</th>
<th>South America region</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benin</td>
<td>Uganda</td>
<td>Albania</td>
<td>Bahamas</td>
<td>Argentina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cameroon</td>
<td>Zambia</td>
<td>Afghanistan</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Barbados</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Congo (Democratic Republic)</td>
<td>Zimbabwe</td>
<td>Cameroon</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>Bermuda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eswatini</td>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>Bosnia and Herzegovina</td>
<td>Bosnia and Herzegovina</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethiopia</td>
<td>Bhutan</td>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
<td>Chile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ghana</td>
<td>Cambodia</td>
<td>Croatia</td>
<td>Croatia</td>
<td>Dominican Republic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivory Coast</td>
<td>Fiji</td>
<td>Cyprus</td>
<td>Croatia</td>
<td>Ecuador</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>Cyprus</td>
<td>Egypt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madagascar</td>
<td>India</td>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>Jamaica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malawi</td>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>Estonia</td>
<td>Estonia</td>
<td>Jamaica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mali</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mauritius</td>
<td>Korea (Republic of)</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>France</td>
<td>St Lucia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morocco</td>
<td>Kuwait</td>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Suriname</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Namibia</td>
<td>Macau</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Trinidad and Tobago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niger</td>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria</td>
<td>Mongolia</td>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rwanda</td>
<td>Myanmar</td>
<td>Iceland</td>
<td>Iceland</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senegal</td>
<td>Nepal</td>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanzania</td>
<td>Papua New Guinea</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Togo</td>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Jordan</td>
<td>Jordan</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Responses to the annual census were received from World Physiotherapy member organisations in these countries/territories in 2021.
Find out more about physiotherapy around the world: Global profiles

Follow World Physiotherapy on social media @WorldPhysio1951

Discover World Physiotherapy’s website: www.world.physio

DISCLAIMER

- The data in this report is based on responses to the annual membership census sent to World Physiotherapy’s member organisations.

- In 2021 the annual membership census was sent to 125 member organisations, of which 117 responded, representing a 94% response rate. The census date was 30 June 2021.

- Some data in this report has been collated from other sources available to World Physiotherapy.

- If you have any questions or concerns, or want to make changes to your country’s data, please contact membershipcensus@world.physio.