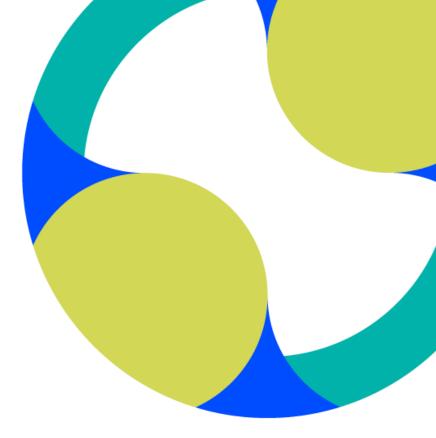
ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP CENSUS

2023





GLOBAL REPORT

GLOBAL BACKGROUND



In this year's annual membership census (AMC), 127 World Physiotherapy member organisations were sent an online survey, which included questions about:

- number of
 - individual members for the World Physiotherapy member organisation
 - o practicing physiotherapists
 - o entry level and physiotherapy programmes
- professional name used
- leadership roles by gender
- special interest groups
- publications and conferences
- how they communicate with their membership
- professional practice
- telehealth
- direct access and its limitations
- sources of funding
- regulation
- governance
- health emergency preparedness and response
- perception of the physiotherapy profession

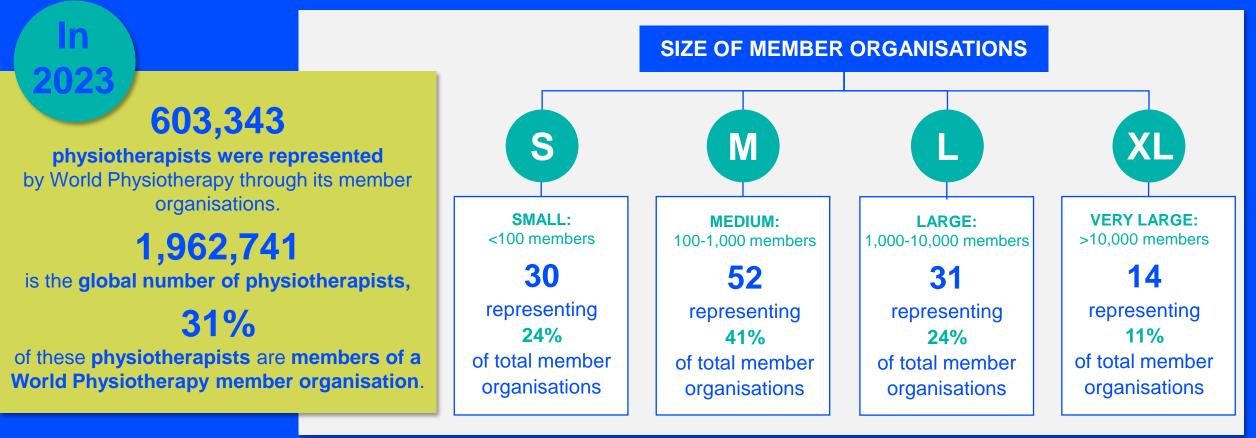
World Physiotherapy collects data and information from its member organisations.

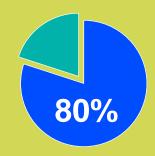
Since 2017, the data collection has taken place on an annual basis, providing comparisons at a national, regional, and global level. World Physiotherapy and its member organisations use this data to influence policy decisions around health, health service delivery, human resource planning, and education – and to show variations in the density of physiotherapists in different parts of the world and across World Physiotherapy regions.



GLOBAL MEMBERSHIP AND TOTAL PHYSIOTHERAPY WORKFORCE







of the total membership globally is collectively represented by the very large member organisations



The number of medium, large and very large member organisations has increased from last year, demonstrating the great work done by many of our member organisations in recruiting and maintaining their membership.

GLOBAL MEMBERSHIP GROWTH



3.6

physiotherapists, on average, for every
10,000 people across the world.

However, this varies widely across World Physiotherapy's five regions:





of member organisations reported an **increase** in the number of their individual members

of member organisations reported **no change** in the number of their individual members



%

25%

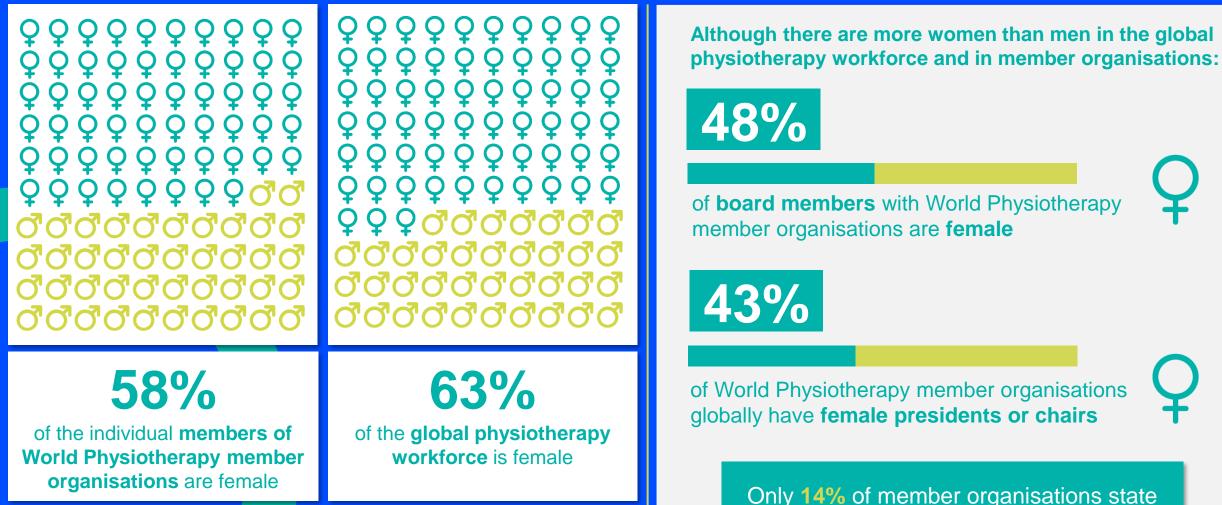
7%

of member organisations reported a **decrease** in the number of their individual members



GLOBAL GENDER AND LEADERSHIP





However, in relation to the physiotherapy workforce, there are variations between the five regions ranging from **70% female members** of World Physiotherapy member organisations in the **Africa region** to **53%** in the **Asia Western Pacific region**. having specific **policies** or programmes to

support women in leadership roles.

GLOBAL EDUCATION



>3,900

physiotherapist **entry level education programmes** globally



126,000

is the estimated number of **physiotherapy students graduated** worldwide during the last academic year

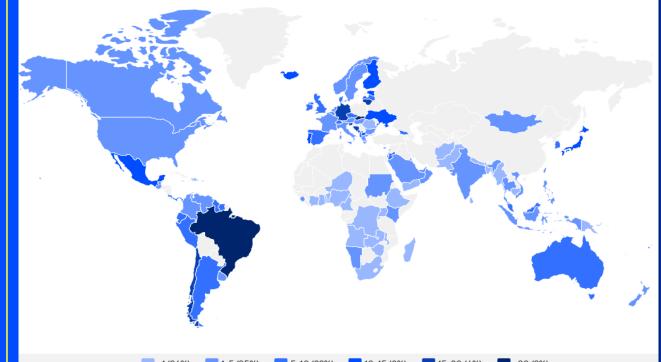
Access to a **PhD programme** is one way of **assessing the development of the profession** at a national level, specifically in academic fields.

Of the respondents, **46%** said there was **access to PhD programmes in their country/territory**,

although this varies across the world ranging from 76% of countries/territories with access to PhD programmes in the Europe region to 17% in the Africa region.

Europe and NAC regions have **increased** the number of countries/territories with access to PhD programmes by **4%** since 2020.

NUMBER OF ENTRY LEVEL EDUCATION PROGRAMMES PER 5,000,000 POPULATION



<1 (26%) 📃 1-5 (35%) 📒 5-10 (22%) 📒 1

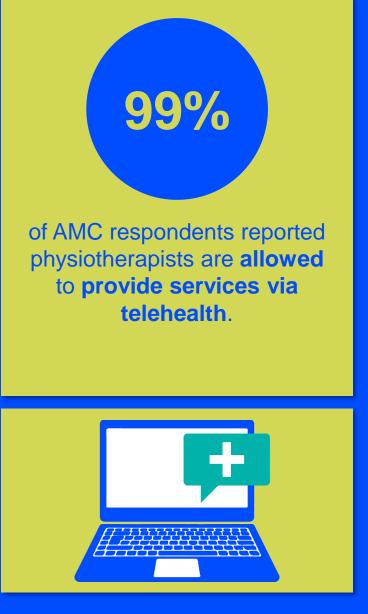
0 (6%) 🛛 🗖 >20 (2%)

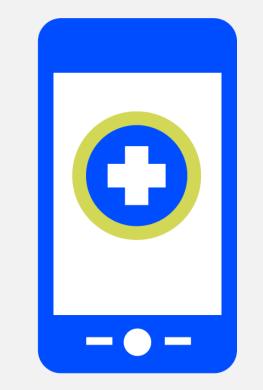
Entry level education programmes are the **foundations of every healthcare profession** and can offer insights into the development of a profession in a particular location.



GLOBAL TELEHEALTH







A number of **member organisations** have **advocated for telehealth services**, and for their inclusion within the scope of practice for physiotherapists. 24%

increase in the last four years (since 2020), in the number of countries/territories where physiotherapists are allowed to provide services via telehealth.



GLOBAL DIRECT ACCESS



Direct access and patient self-referral are the circumstances where patients/clients can access physiotherapy services without having to see another health provider first. **Direct access is a key advocacy goal** for many World Physiotherapy member organisations who consider this a critical pathway to achieving **professional independence and recognition** in a country/territory.

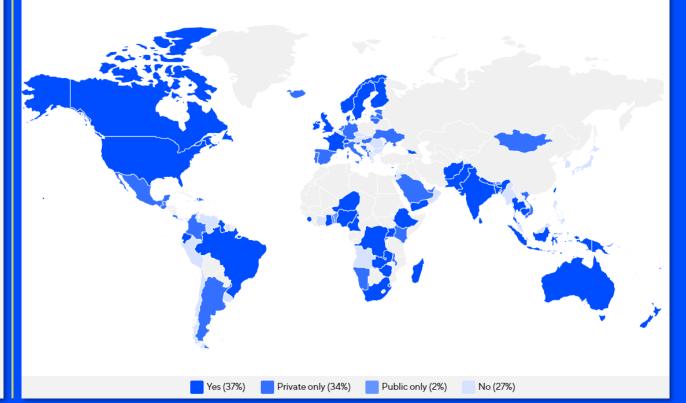
A growing body of evidence suggests that **direct access** to physiotherapy services is **safe and cost-effective for public health systems**, especially in primary care and related to musculoskeletal conditions. Early access to physiotherapy services through direct access can **reduce the likelihood of acute conditions becoming chronic** and leading to disability.

There are different categories in which the type of direct access can be analysed:

- o no direct access at all
- o direct access only in public health system
- o direct access only in private practice
- o full direct access



COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES WITH DIRECT ACCESS TO PHYSIOTHERAPY SERVICES





Direct access remains **a priority advocacy issue** for the global profession. World Physiotherapy advocates for the right of those seeking physiotherapy services to self-refer to a physiotherapist if they so desire and believes that this right promotes the autonomy of users of physiotherapy services and enables fair and equitable access to such services.

GLOBAL DIRECT ACCESS



35% of AMC respondents have full direct access (2022: 33%)



32% of AMC respondents have direct access only in private practice (2022: 37%)





Since 2019, the number of countries/territories reporting full direct access to physiotherapy services has increased from 32 to 44.

LIMITATIONS REPORTED TO DIRECT ACCESS

While some countries/territories may have a form of direct access in public or private practice settings, limitations exist around how direct access is implemented.



44% of AMC respondents reported that direct access is limited to the setting where the physiotherapy services are provided

27% reported limitations related to payment of the physiotherapy services

17% reported limitations on the population or health condition that may be treated in a direct access model

16% reported limitations related to physiotherapist training and competencies

13% reported limitations around the length of time they are permitted to treat via direct access

GLOBAL OTHER HIGHLIGHTS



54%

of respondents reported having at least one special interest group recognised by World Physiotherapy



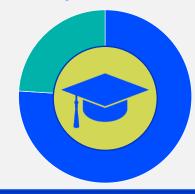
59%

of respondents said support personnel worked with physiotherapists in their country/territory



76%

of respondents reported having postgraduate programmes as a training option for physiotherapists in their country



17%

of respondents said being a member of their national association is mandatory to practice in their country/territory



GLOBAL RESPONSE TO SL

Asia Western Pa

Ireland

Israel

Italy

Jordan

Kosovo

Sweden

Ukraine

Switzerland

United Kingdom

Afghanistan

Bangladesh

Australia

Bhutan

Fiji

India

Japan

Kuwait

Macau

Malaysia

Mongolia

Myanmar

New Zealand

Papua New Guinea

Nepal

Oman

Pakistan

Cambodia

Hong Kong

Indonesia

Korea (Republic of)

Africa region

Zambia

Zimbabwe

Angola

Benin

Cameroon

Republic) **Eswatini**

Ethiopia

Ghana

Kenya

Malawi

Mauritius

Namibia

Niger

Nigeria

Rwanda

Sudan

Togo

Uganda

Sierra Leone

South Africa

Ivory Coast

Madagascar

Congo (Democratic

SURVEY					
Pacific region	Europe region		North America Caribbean region	South Ameri region	са
Philippines	Albania	Latvia	Bahamas	Argentina	
Saudi Arabia	Austria	Lebanon	Barbados	Brazil	
Singapore	Belgium	Liechtenstein	Bermuda	Chile	The AMC was sent
Sri Lanka	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Lithuania	Canada	Colombia	to 127 member organisations, of
Taiwan	Bulgaria	Luxembourg	Dominican Republic	Costa Rica	which 119
Thailand	Cyprus	Malta	Guyana	Ecuador	responded,
United Arab Emirates	Czech Republic	Montenegro	Haiti	Guatemala	representing a 93.7% response
Vietnam	Denmark	Netherlands	Jamaica	Mexico	rate.
Yemen	Estonia	North Macedonia	Panama	Peru	This is consistent
	Finland	Norway	Puerto Rico	Uruguay	with previous
	France	Palestine	St Lucia	Venezuela	years' response rates and
	Georgia	Portugal	Suriname		demonstrates
	Germany	Romania	Trinidad and Tobago		strong engagement between World
	Greece	Slovakia	United States		Physiotherapy and
	Hungary	Slovenia			its member
	Iceland	Spain			organisations. The

census date was 30 June 2023.

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GLOBAL ENGAGEMENT







Find out more about physiotherapy around the world: <u>Global profiles</u>

Follow World Physiotherapy on social media @WorldPhysio1951



Discover World Physiotherapy's website: <u>www.world.physio</u>

DISCLAIMER

- The data in this report is based on responses to the annual membership census (AMC) sent to World Physiotherapy's member organisations.
- The AMC was sent to 127 member organisations, of which 119 responded, representing a 93.7% response rate. This is consistent with previous years' response rates and demonstrates strong engagement between World Physiotherapy and its member organisations. The census date was 30 June 2023.
- Some data in this report has been collated from other sources available to World Physiotherapy.
- If you have any questions or concerns, or want to make changes to your country's data, please contact <u>membershipcensus@world.physio</u>.